

### A Few More Related Rate Problems

① A 13 m ladder is sliding down a wall at a rate of 0.1 m/min. Determine the rate at which its base is moving away from the wall when the top of the ladder is 12 m from the ground.

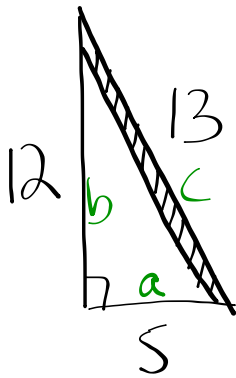
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 0.24 \text{ m/min}$$

② A cylindrical tank has a leak in its base such that water is leaking out at a constant rate of  $50 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$ . The tank has a height of  $200 \text{ cm}$  and a diameter of  $200 \text{ cm}$ . Determine how quickly the height of the water is dropping when the tank is half full.

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = -0.0016 \text{ cm/min}$$

③ A 2 m tall man walks away from a 5 m tall lamppost at a constant rate of 1 m/sec. Determine the rate at which the length of his shadow is increasing when he is 3 m from the lamp post.

$$\frac{dl}{dt} = \frac{2}{3} \text{ m/sec}$$



$$a^2 + b^2 = 13^2$$

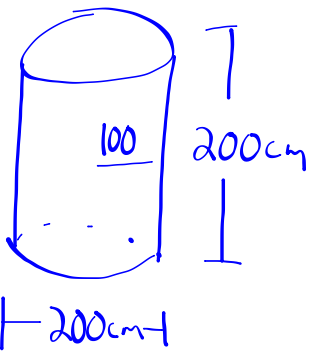
$$2a \frac{da}{dt} + 2b \frac{db}{dt} = 2c \frac{dc}{dt}$$

$$2(5) \frac{da}{dt} + 2(12)(-0.1) = 2(13)(0)$$

$$10 \frac{da}{dt} = 24(0.1)$$

$$\frac{da}{dt} = 0.24 \text{ m/min}$$

2.



$$h = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$V = \pi 100^2 (h)$$

$$V = 10000\pi h$$

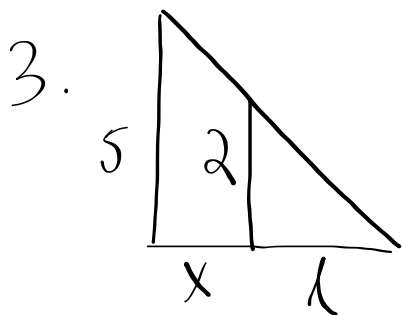
want  $\frac{dh}{dt}$

Have  $\frac{dV}{dt}$

$$= -50 \text{ cm}^3/\text{min}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 10000\pi \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{-50}{10000\pi} = \frac{dh}{dt} = -0.00159... \text{ cm/min}$$



$$\frac{5}{x+l} = \frac{2}{l}$$

Have  $\frac{dx}{dt} = +1$   
m/s

$$5l = 2x + 2l$$

$$-2l \quad -2l$$

$$3l = 2x$$

$$3 \frac{dl}{dt} = 2 \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dl}{dt} = \frac{2(1)}{3} = \frac{2}{3} \text{ m/s}$$

Find  $\frac{dl}{dx}$

When  $x=3$