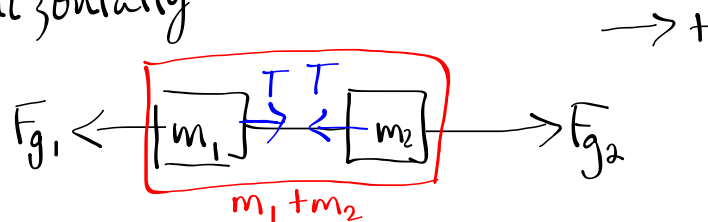


Connected Masses

Strategies to solve problems

- (A) Draw a FBD for each mass.
 Assign + to the direction each mass moves
 Set up $F_{net} = ma$
 Usually you end up solving for a and T
- (B) "Stretch" out the masses so the system lies horizontally



Tug-o-war between F_{g2} and F_{g1}

$$F_{net} = F_{g2} - F_{g1}$$



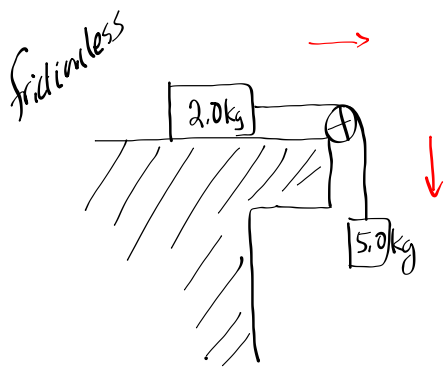
this F_{net} acts on $m_1 + m_2$

find acceleration

Draw a FBD for either m_1 or m_2
 in order to find the tension

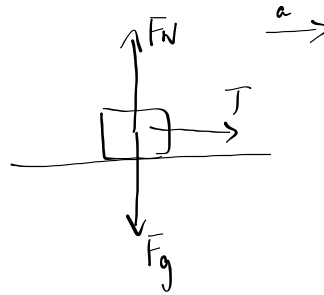
NOTE: Max acceleration is 9.81 m/s^2

Example (FOP/159)



What is the acceleration and the tension in the string?

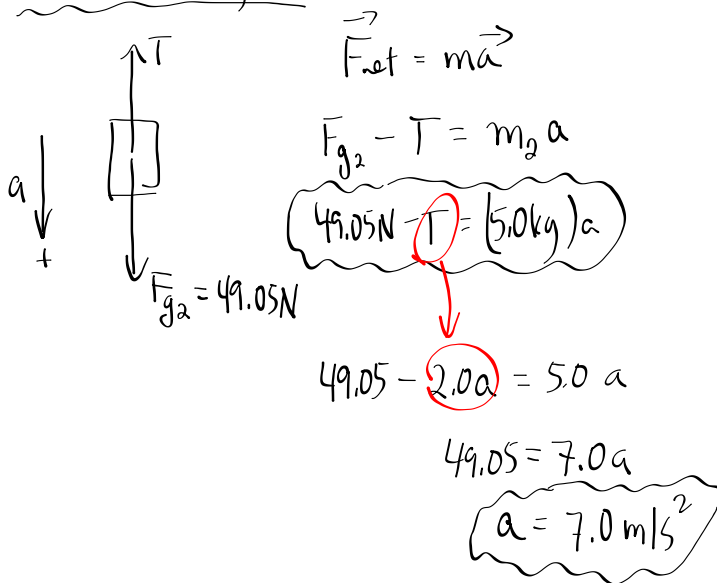
Consider the 2.0kg mass:



$$\vec{F}_{net} = m\vec{a}$$

$$T = (2.0\text{kg})a$$

Consider the 5.0kg mass:



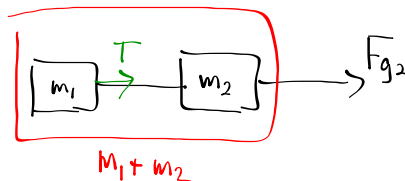
Sub $a = 7.0\text{m/s}^2$ into:

$$T = (2.0\text{kg})a$$

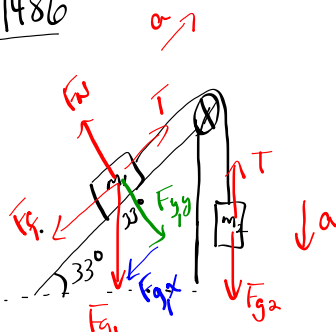
$$T = (2.0\text{kg})(7.0\text{m/s}^2)$$

$$T = 14\text{N}$$

OR
the other way



MP/486



$m_1 = 615 \text{ g}$ ($F_{g1} = 6.033 \text{ N}$)

$m_2 = 525 \text{ g}$ ($F_{g2} = 5.150 \text{ N}$)

$\mu_k = 0.19$

find acc + tension

The biggest value that T can be is F_{g2} (5.150 N) if the block m_1 goes uphill and m_2 goes down.

So we need to see if $(F_{g2}) > F_f + F_{g1x}$. If it is, then m_1 will go uphill and m_2 will go straight down.

$T_{max} = F_{g2} = 5.150 \text{ N}$

$F_{g1x} = F_{g1} \sin \theta = (6.033 \text{ N}) \sin 33^\circ = 3.286 \text{ N}$

$F_f = \mu F_N = \mu F_{g1y} = \mu F_{g1} \cos \theta = (0.19)(6.033 \text{ N})(\cos 33^\circ) = 0.961 \text{ N}$
 4.247 N

Since the maximum tension ($= F_{g2}$) is greater than $F_{g1x} + F_f$, then m_1 will go uphill and m_2 will go down.

Consider m_1 only

$\vec{F}_{net} = m\vec{a}$

$T - (F_{g1x} + F_f) = m_1 a$

$T - 4.247 \text{ N} = (0.615 \text{ kg}) a$

Consider m_2 only

$\vec{F}_{net} = m\vec{a}$

$F_{g2} - T = m_2 a$

$5.150 \text{ N} - T = (0.525 \text{ kg}) a$

↓
 finish → find a and T

TO DO

① PP/478 (elevator)

HW problem → ② PP/485 (Atwood's)

③ PP/488-489 (horizontal + inclines)