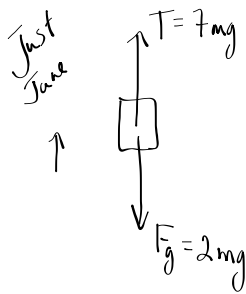
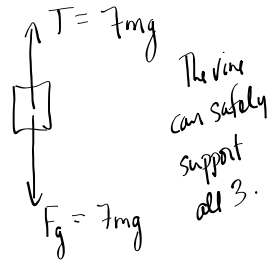


Kinematics + Dynamics Review

26. $m_c = m$
 $m_j = 2m$
 $m_t = 2(2m) = 4m$

TOTAL = $7m$



$$\vec{F}_{net} = m\vec{a}$$

$$T - F_g = m_j a$$

$$7mg - 2mg = 2m a$$

$$5mg = 2m a$$

$$a = \frac{5}{2}g$$

$$v_i = 0$$

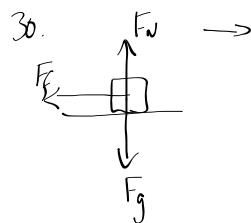
$$\Delta d = 60m$$

$$a = \frac{5}{2}g$$

$$\Delta t = ?$$

$$\Delta d = v_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a (\Delta t)^2$$

$$\Delta d = \frac{1}{2} a (\Delta t)^2$$



$$\vec{F}_{net} = m\vec{a}$$

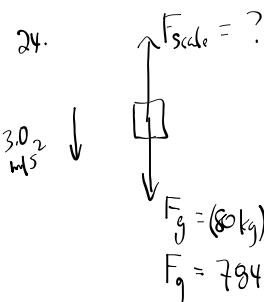
$$-F_f = ma$$

$$-\mu F_v = ma$$

$$-\mu F_g = ma$$

$$-\mu mg = ma$$

$$a = -\mu g$$



$$\vec{F}_{net} = m\vec{a}$$

$$F_{scale} - F_g = ma$$

$$F_{scale} = ma + F_g$$

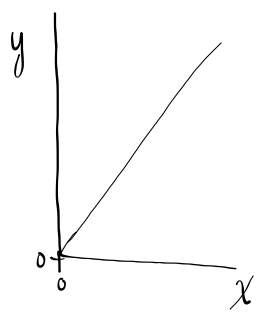
$$F_{scale} = (80kg)(3.0 \frac{m}{s^2}) + 784.8N$$

$$F_{scale} = 240N + 784.8N$$

$$F_{scale} = 544.8N$$

→ apparent weight (feel like) $(5.4) \times 10^2 N$

Graphical Analysis of Data

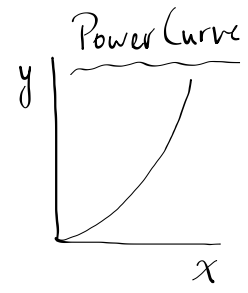
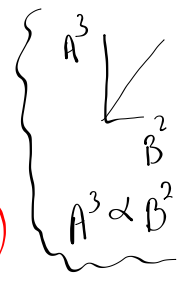


Linear graph of y vs x and with a y -intercept of zero tells you that there is a direct proportionality between y and x .

$$y \propto x$$

$$y = kx$$

$$(y = mx + b)$$

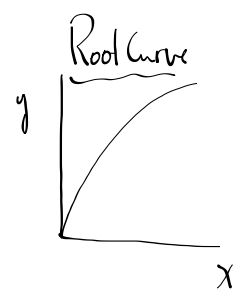


$$y \propto x^n$$

$$y = kx^n$$

$$(y = mx + b)$$

A graph of y vs x^n will be linear with a slope of k and y -intercept of zero

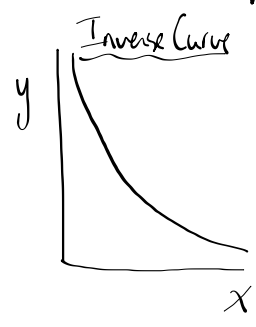


$$y \propto \sqrt[n]{x}$$

$$y = k\sqrt[n]{x}$$

$$(y = mx + b)$$

A graph of y vs $\sqrt[n]{x}$ will be linear with a slope of k and a y -intercept of zero.



$$y \propto \frac{1}{x}$$

$$y = k\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$(y = mx + b)$$

A graph of y vs $\frac{1}{x}$ will be linear with a slope of k and y -intercept of zero.