

Vectors & Directions

Recall that a vector has both size (magnitude) and direction

Length of the vector is reflective of the size (i.e. to scale)

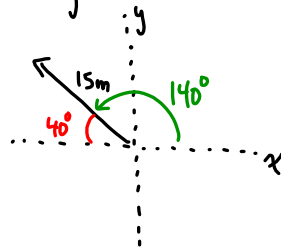


So how do we express the direction?

① Compass

$\vec{\Delta d} = 25m [E 35^\circ N]$
 $\vec{\Delta d} = 25m [35^\circ N \text{ of } E]$
 $\vec{\Delta d} = 25m [N 55^\circ E]$
 $\vec{\Delta d} = 25m [55^\circ E \text{ of } N]$

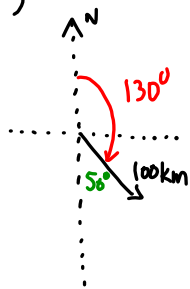
② RCS - rectangular coordinate system



* All angles are measured CCW from the + x-axis.

$\vec{\Delta d} = 15m \ 140^\circ \text{ RCS}$

③ Azimuth or Bearing



* Measure the angle CW from north

$\vec{\Delta d} = 100km, \text{ azimuth } 130^\circ$
(130°T)

Vector has a tail and a head



↑
measure dir
at the tail
(i.e. set up axis at the tail)