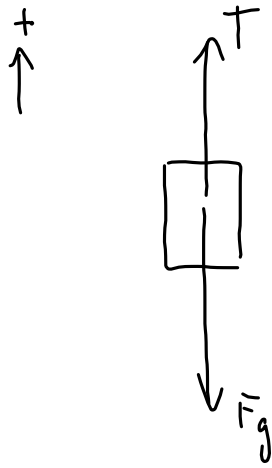


10-2 Multiple Masses

Consider an typical elevator problem:



$$\vec{F}_{\text{net}} = m\vec{a}$$

$$T - F_g = ma$$

MP/477

$$m = 2245 \text{ kg}$$

$$\vec{a} = 0.55 \text{ m/s}^2 [\text{up}]$$

$$T = ?$$



$$\vec{F}_{\text{net}} = m\vec{a}$$

$$T - F_g = ma$$

$$T = ma + F_g$$

$$F_g = (2245 \text{ kg})(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$$= 22023.45 \text{ N}$$

$$T = (2245 \text{ kg})(0.55 \text{ m/s}^2) + 22023.45 \text{ N}$$

$$T = \overset{F_{\text{net}}}{1234.75 \text{ N}} + \overset{F_g}{22023.45 \text{ N}}$$

$$T = 23258.2 \text{ N}$$

$$T = 2.33 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$$

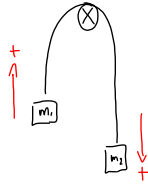
Multiple Masses → assumptions

- Tension is uniform throughout the string
 - mass of the string to be negligible in comparison to the attached masses.
 - string does not stretch
 - pulley is frictionless.
- both masses have the same acceleration (they are attached)

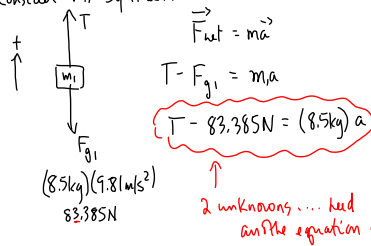
MP|483

$m_1 = 8.5 \text{ kg}$
 $m_2 = 17.0 \text{ kg}$

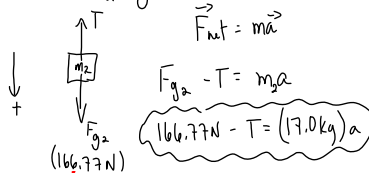
- a) $a = ?$
 b) $T = ?$



Consider m_1 by itself:



Consider m_2 by itself:



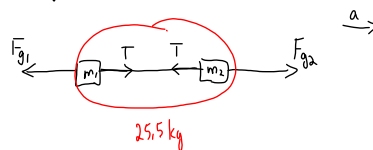
Solve the system of equations:

$$\begin{aligned} T - 83.385 \text{ N} &= (8.5 \text{ kg})a \\ -T + 166.77 \text{ N} &= (17.0 \text{ kg})a \\ \hline 83.385 \text{ N} &= (25.5 \text{ kg})a \\ a &= \frac{83.385 \text{ N}}{25.5 \text{ kg}} \\ a &= 3.3 \text{ m/s}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Now sub $a = 3.3 \text{ m/s}^2$

$$\begin{aligned} T - 83.385 \text{ N} &= (8.5 \text{ kg})a \\ T &= (8.5 \text{ kg})(3.3 \text{ m/s}^2) + 83.385 \text{ N} \\ T &= 27.795 \text{ N} + 83.385 \text{ N} \\ T &= 110.18 \text{ N} \\ T &= 1.10 \times 10^2 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

Another way to think about it:



TO DO:

- PP|478 (elevator)
- PP|485 (atwood's machine)