

TEST- UNIT 3 (MOMENTUM + ENERGY)Chapter 6 - Work, Power + Efficiency.

$$W = F_{\parallel} d$$

$$W = F d \cos \theta$$

$W = \text{area under } F\text{-}d \text{ graph}$

$$W = \Delta E$$

Situations (3) when no work is done.

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$E_g = mgh$$

$$E_e = \frac{1}{2} k x^2 \quad \text{where } F_a = kx \text{ (Hooke's Law)}$$

$$P = \frac{W}{\Delta t}$$

$$\text{Efficiency} = \frac{E_o}{E_I} \times 100\%$$

Chapter 7 - Conservation of Energy + Momentum

Law of Conservation of Mechanical Energy:

$$E_{\text{total}} = E'_{\text{total}}$$

$$E_k + E_g + E_e = E'_k + E'_g + E'_e$$

+ obeyed if there are no frictional forces.

Law of Conservation of momentum:

$$P_{\text{total}} = P'_{\text{total}}$$

$$\vec{P}_A + \vec{P}_B = \vec{P}'_A + \vec{P}'_B$$

} in an isolated system
(i.e. no friction)

Elastic collision \rightarrow KE is conserved

\rightarrow you need to know all velocities
(use cons of momentum)

DO NOT WORRY ABOUT:

p 297 - 299
§ 7-2
§ 7-4

Review: p328/20-23, 25, 27-31