

Review

14. $m = 1.8 \text{ g}$

$v_2 = 500 \text{ m/s}$

$v_1 = 0$

$\Delta d = 25 \text{ cm}$

$F = ?$

$a = ?$

$$v_2^2 = v_1^2 + 2a\Delta d$$

$$v_2^2 - v_1^2 = 2a\Delta d$$

$$a = \frac{v_2^2 - v_1^2}{2\Delta d}$$

$$F = ma$$

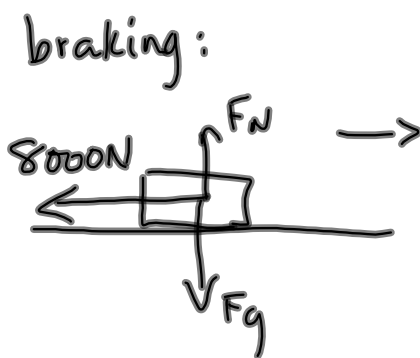
$$F = (0.0018 \text{ kg})(5.0 \times 10^5 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$$F = 9.0 \times 10^2 \text{ N}$$

$$a = \frac{(500 \text{ m/s})^2 - 0}{2(0.25 \text{ m})}$$

$$a = 5.0 \times 10^5 \text{ m/s}^2$$

15. $\Delta t_{\text{reaction}} = 0.60 \text{ s}$ } $\Delta d_{\text{reaction}} =$
 $V = 72 \text{ km/h}$ }
 m/s



$$F_{\text{net}} = ma$$

$$-8000 \text{ N} = (1000 \text{ kg}) a$$

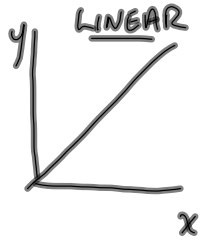
$$a = -8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$V_1 = 72 \text{ km/h}$$

$$V_2 = 0$$

$$\Delta d = ?$$

Review of Graphical Analysis of Data

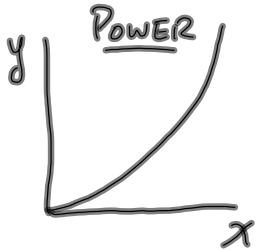


$y \propto x$ (direct proportionality)

$y = kx$

$(y = mx + b)$

A plot of y vs x is linear with a slope of k and a y -intercept of zero

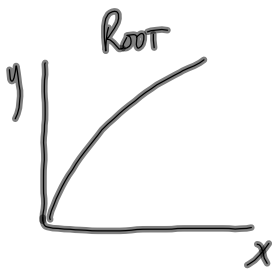


$y \propto x^n$

$y = kx^n$

$(y = mx + b)$

A graph of y vs x^n will be linear with a slope of k and a y -intercept of zero.



$y \propto \sqrt[n]{x}$

$y = k\sqrt[n]{x}$

$(y = mx + b)$

A graph of y vs $\sqrt[n]{x}$ will be linear with a slope of k and a y -intercept of zero



$y \propto \frac{1}{x^n}$

$y = k\left(\frac{1}{x^n}\right)$

$(y = mx + b)$

A graph of y vs $\frac{1}{x^n}$ will be linear with a slope of k and a y -intercept of zero