

Kinematics Review

Constant Velocity (Uniform Motion)

$$v = \frac{\Delta d}{\Delta t}$$

Constant Acceleration

$$v_{\text{ave}} = \frac{\Delta d}{\Delta t} \quad \left(\text{Where } v_{\text{ave}} = \frac{v_1 + v_2}{2} \right)$$

$$a = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} \quad \left(\text{Where } \Delta v = v_2 - v_1 \right)$$

Maybe Useful equations:

$$\Delta d = v_1 \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a (\Delta t)^2$$

$$\Delta d = v_2 \Delta t - \frac{1}{2} a (\Delta t)^2$$

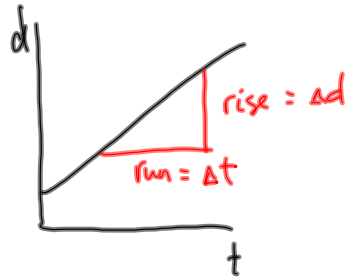
$$v_2^2 = v_1^2 + 2a\Delta d$$



There are 5 kinematics variables: $\Delta d, \Delta t, v_1, v_2, a$

If you know any 3, you can find the other 2.

Consider an object with constant velocity:

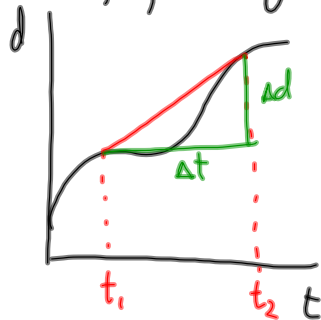


$$\text{slope} = \frac{\Delta d}{\Delta t}$$

but slope = velocity

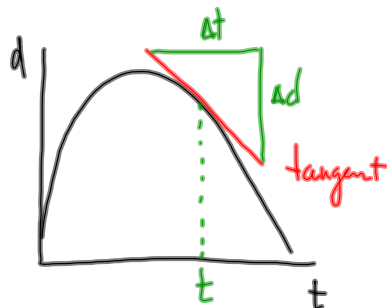
$$\therefore v = \frac{\Delta d}{\Delta t}$$

Changing Velocity



v_{ave} is the slope between t_1 and t_2

$$v_{ave} = \frac{\Delta d}{\Delta t}$$

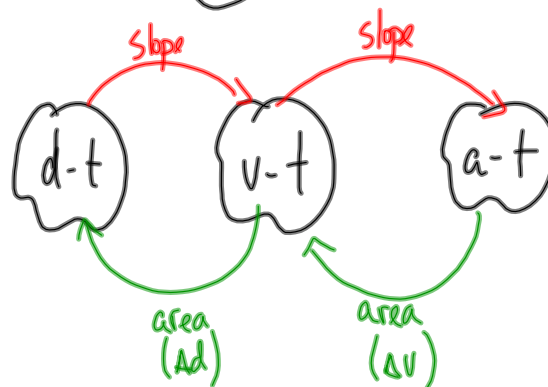


Instantaneous velocity is the slope of the tangent at t .

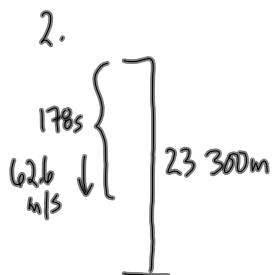
$$v_{inst} = \frac{dd}{dt}$$

Same idea for acceleration from $v-t$ graph

$$a = \text{slope}$$



Review



$$V_1 = 0$$

$$\vec{V}_2 = 62.6 \text{ m/s [down]}$$

$$\Delta t = 178 \text{ s}$$

$$a = ?$$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{\Delta \vec{V}}{\Delta t}$$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{62.6 \text{ m/s [down]}}{178 \text{ s}}$$

$$\vec{a} = 0.352 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \text{ [down]}$$

5.

$$\vec{V}_1 = 200 \text{ km/h [N]}$$

$$\vec{a} = 5.0 \text{ km/h/s [N]}$$

$$\Delta t = 1.0 \text{ min} = 60 \text{ s}$$

$$\vec{V}_2 = ?$$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{\Delta \vec{V}}{\Delta t}$$

$$\vec{a} = \frac{\vec{V}_2 - \vec{V}_1}{\Delta t}$$

$$\vec{a} \Delta t = \vec{V}_2 - \vec{V}_1$$

$$\vec{V}_2 = \vec{V}_1 + \vec{a} \Delta t$$

$$\vec{V}_2 = 200 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}} \text{ [N]} + 5.0 \frac{\text{km/h}}{\text{s}} (60 \text{ s})$$

$$\vec{V}_2 = 200 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}} \text{ [N]} + 300 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}} \text{ [N]}$$

$$\vec{V}_2 = 500 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}} \text{ [N]}$$

3.

$$V_1 = 25 \text{ km/h}$$

$$V_2 = 35 \text{ km/h}$$

$$\Delta V = 10 \text{ km/h}$$

$$2.77 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\frac{10 \text{ km}}{\text{h}} \left(\frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ km}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ h}}{3600 \text{ s}} \right)$$

$$\Delta t = 20 \text{ s}$$

$$a = ?$$

$$a = \frac{2.77 \text{ m/s}}{20 \text{ s}}$$

$$a = 0.14 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$