

Torque

$$\tau = r_{\perp} F$$

$$\underline{\text{or}} \quad \tau = r F \sin \theta$$

The force could cause two types of rotation:

CCW rotation  $\Rightarrow$  + torque  
(torque vector points out of the board)

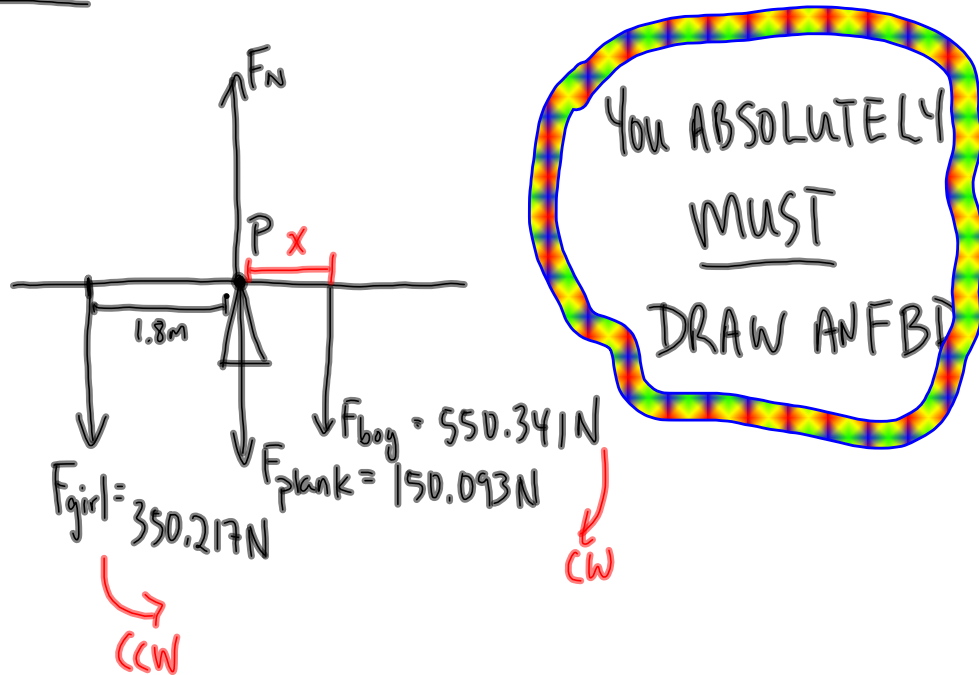
CW rotation  $\Rightarrow$  - torque  
(torque vector points into the board)

Static Equilibrium in Large Objects

Two conditions must be met:

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \vec{F}_{\text{net}} = 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \vec{\tau}_{\text{net}} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \sum \tau_{\text{ccw}} = \sum \tau_{\text{cw}}$$

FoP (p216)

$$\sum \tau_{ccw} = \sum \tau_{cw}$$

$$\tau_{girl} = \tau_{bog}$$

$$(1.8m)(350.217N) = x(550.341)$$

$$\boxed{x = 1.1m}$$

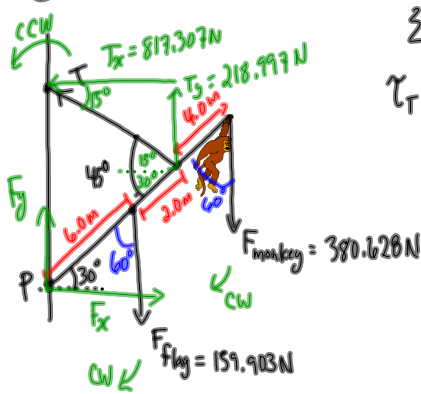
To find the upward force at the pivot:

$$F_N = F_{girl} + F_{plank} + F_{bog}$$

$$F_N = 350.217N + 150.093N + 550.341N$$

$$\boxed{F_N = 1051N}$$

FOP (p 218)



$$\sum \tau_{ccw} = \sum \tau_{cw}$$

$$\tau_T = \tau_{\text{flagpole}} + \tau_{\text{monkey}}$$

$$\tau = r F \sin \theta$$

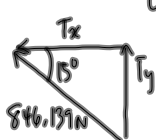
$$\tau_T = \tau_{\text{flagpole}} + \tau_{\text{monkey}}$$

$$(8.0\text{m})(T)(\sin 45^\circ) = (6.0\text{m})(159.903\text{N})\sin 60^\circ + (12.0\text{m})(380.628\text{N})\sin 60^\circ$$

$$(8.0\text{m})(T)\sin 45^\circ = 830.880\text{N}\cdot\text{m} + 3955.402\text{N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$(8.0\text{m})(T)\sin 45^\circ = 4786.482\text{N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$T = 8.5 \times 10^2 \text{ N}$$



$$T_x = (846.139\text{N})\cos 15^\circ$$

$$T_x = 817.307\text{N}$$

$$T_y = (846.139\text{N})\sin 15^\circ$$

$$T_y = 218.997\text{N}$$

Horizontally:

$$F_x = T_x$$

$$F_x = 8.2 \times 10^2 \text{ N}$$

Vertically:

$$F_{\text{flag}} + F_{\text{monkey}} = T_y + F_y$$

$$159.903\text{N} + 380.628\text{N} = 218.997\text{N} + F_y$$

$$F_y = 321.534\text{N}$$

$$F_y = 3.2 \times 10^2 \text{ N}$$

To Do:

FOP: PP (2-7)