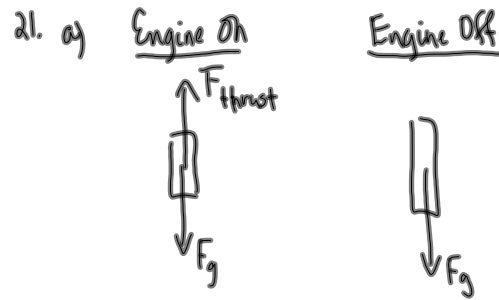


Review



b)  $\Delta d = 4.0 \times 10^3 \text{ m}$   
 $v_1 = ?$   
 $v_2 = 0$   
 $a = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$

Engine Off

$$v_2^2 = v_1^2 + 2a\Delta d$$

$$v_1^2 = \cancel{v_2^2} - 2a\Delta d$$

$$v_1^2 = -2(-9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)(4000 \text{ m})$$

$$v_1 = 2.8 \times 10^2 \text{ m/s}$$

c) Engine On:  
 $v_1 = 0$   
 $v_2 = 2.8 \times 10^2 \text{ m/s}$   
 $\Delta d = 1.0 \times 10^3 \text{ m}$   
 $a = ?$

$$v_2^2 = v_1^2 + 2a\Delta d$$

$$v_2^2 - v_1^2 = 2a\Delta d$$

$$a = \frac{v_2^2 - v_1^2}{2\Delta d}$$

d)

$$a = 39 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a = \frac{(2.80 \times 10^2 \text{ m/s})^2 - 0^2}{2(1.0 \times 10^3 \text{ m})}$$

$$a = 39.24 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a = 39 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\vec{F}_{\text{net}} = m\vec{a}$$

$$F_{\text{thrust}} - F_g = ma$$

$$F_{\text{thrust}} - mg = ma$$

$$F_{\text{thrust}} = ma + mg$$

$$F_{\text{thrust}} = m(a + g)$$

$$F_{\text{thrust}} = 10 \times 10^3 \text{ kg} (39 \text{ m/s}^2 + 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$$F_{\text{thrust}} = 4.9 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$$

$$\vec{F}_{\text{thrust}} = 4.9 \times 10^4 \text{ N [up]}$$

Graphical Analysis of Data



$y \propto x$  (proportionality statement)  
 $y = kx$  (general equation where  $k$  is the proportionality constant)  
 $y = mx + b$

The graph is linear with a slope of  $k$  and a y-int of 0.

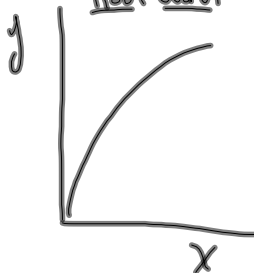
Power Curve



$y \propto x^n$   
 $y = kx^n$   
 $y = mx + b$

A plot of  $y$  vs  $x^n$  will be linear with a slope of  $k$  and a y-intercept of zero.

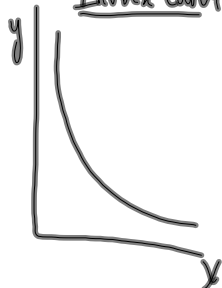
Root Curve



$y \propto \sqrt[n]{x}$   
 $y = k\sqrt[n]{x}$   
 $y = m(x) + b$

A plot of  $y$  vs  $\sqrt[n]{x}$  will be linear with a slope of  $k$  and a y-intercept of zero.

Inverse Curve



$y \propto \frac{1}{x^n}$   
 $y = k\left(\frac{1}{x^n}\right)$   $x^n$   
 $y = m(x) + b$

A plot of  $y$  vs  $\frac{1}{x^n}$  will be linear with a slope of  $k$  and a y-intercept of zero.