

Work - recap!

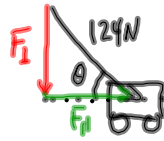
$W = F_{||} \Delta d$ (when the force is in the same dir as the motion)

$W = F \Delta d \cos \theta$ (when the force is not in the same dir as the motion)

W is the area under a F-d graph.

From Hw (pp/235)

18.



$W = 7314 \text{ J}$

$\Delta d = 77.0 \text{ m}$

$W = F \Delta d \cos \theta$

$\cos \theta = \frac{W}{F \Delta d}$

$\cos \theta = \frac{7314 \text{ J}}{(124 \text{ N})(77.0 \text{ m})}$

$\cos \theta = 0.766$

$\theta = \cos^{-1}(0.766)$

$\theta = 40.0^\circ$

$W = F_{||} \Delta d$

$F_{||} = \frac{W}{\Delta d}$

$F_{||} = \frac{7314 \text{ J}}{77.0 \text{ m}}$

$F_{||} = 95.0 \text{ N}$

$\cos \theta = \frac{F_{||}}{F}$

$\cos \theta = \frac{95.0 \text{ N}}{124.0 \text{ N}}$

$\theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{95.0}{124.0}\right)$

$\theta = 40.0^\circ$

17.



$W = 2690 \text{ J}$

$\theta = 32.0^\circ$

$W = F \Delta d \cos \theta$

$F = \frac{W}{\Delta d \cos \theta}$

$F = \frac{2690 \text{ J}}{(23.0 \text{ m})(\cos 32.0^\circ)}$

$F = 138 \text{ N}$

§6.2 Kinetic Energy + Work

Kinetic energy is the energy that a moving object has.

Kinetic energy is directly related to the object's mass.

Kinetic energy is proportional to the square of the velocity

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

where \bar{E}_k is the kinetic energy (J) (scalar)

m is the mass (kg)

v is the velocity (m/s)

MP/237

$$m = 0.200 \text{ kg}$$

$$v_1 = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_2 = 27.0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a) \bar{E}_{k_1} = ?$$

$$b) E_{k_2} = ?$$

$$a) \bar{E}_{k_1} = \frac{1}{2}mv_1^2$$

$$E_{k_1} = \frac{1}{2}(0.200 \text{ kg})(0)^2$$

$$\boxed{\bar{E}_{k_1} = 0 \text{ J}}$$

← objects at rest have no KE.

$$b) \bar{E}_{k_2} = \frac{1}{2}mv_2^2$$

$$E_{k_2} = \frac{1}{2}(0.200 \text{ kg})(27.0 \text{ m/s})^2$$

$$\boxed{\bar{E}_{k_2} = 72.9 \text{ J}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2} \\ &= \text{kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot \text{m} \\ &= \text{N} \cdot \text{m} \\ &= \text{J} \end{aligned}$$

Kinetic Energy + Work

Recall: $W = F_{||} \Delta d$ ($F = ma$)

$$W = ma \Delta d$$

$$W = m \left(\frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} \right) (v_{ave} \Delta t)$$

$$W = m (\Delta v) (v_{ave})$$

$$W = m (v_2 - v_1) \left(\frac{v_1 + v_2}{2} \right)$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2} m (v_2 - v_1) (v_1 + v_2)$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2} m (v_1 v_2 + v_2^2 - v_1^2 - v_1 v_2)$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2} m (v_2^2 - v_1^2)$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2} m v_2^2 - \frac{1}{2} m v_1^2$$

$$W = \bar{E}_{k2} - \bar{E}_{k1}$$

$$W = \Delta \bar{E}_k$$

recall:

$$v_{ave} = \frac{\Delta d}{\Delta t}$$

$$\Delta d = v_{ave} \Delta t$$

WORK-ENERGY THEOREM

The work done on an object is equal to its change in Kinetic Energy.

increase in $\bar{E}_k \Rightarrow +$ work

decrease in $\bar{E}_k \Rightarrow -$ work.

no change in $\bar{E}_k \Rightarrow$ no work!

MP/242

$$m = 2.5 \text{ kg}$$

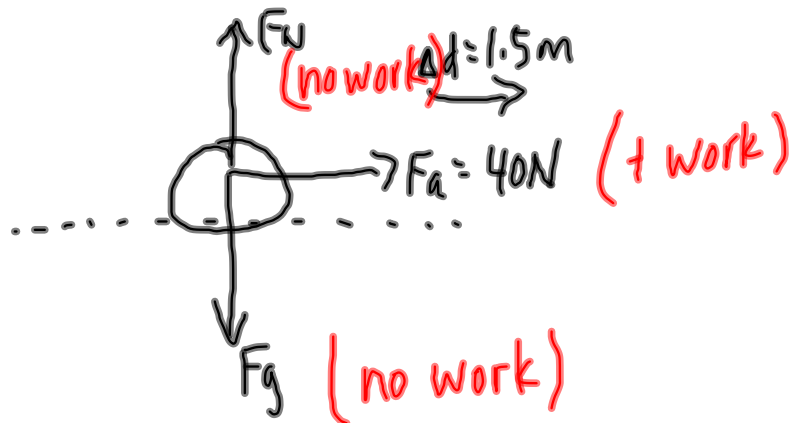
$$F_a = 4.0 \times 10^1 \text{ N}$$

$$\Delta d = 1.5 \text{ m}$$

$$v_1 = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

a) $W = ??$

b) $v_2 = ?$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } W &= F_{\parallel} \Delta d \\ W &= (4.0 \times 10^1 \text{ N})(1.5 \text{ m}) \\ W &= 6.0 \times 10^1 \text{ J} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b) } W = \Delta E_k \quad (\text{work-energy theorem})$$

$$W = \bar{E}_{k2} - \bar{E}_{k1} \quad 0$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2} m v_2^2$$

$$\frac{2W}{m} = v_2^2$$

$$v_2^2 = \frac{2(6.0 \times 10^1 \text{ J})}{2.5 \text{ kg}}$$

$$v_2 = 6.9 \text{ m/s}$$

MP/244

$$m = 75 \text{ kg}$$

$$v_1 = 8.0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$F_a = 2.00 \times 10^2 \text{ N}$$

$$d = 5.0 \text{ m}$$

$$E_{k2} = ?$$

$$W = \Delta E_k$$

$$F_{||} \Delta d = \Delta E_k$$

$$F_{||} \Delta d = E_{k2} - E_{k1}$$

$$E_{k2} = F_{||} \Delta d + E_{k1}$$

$$E_{k2} = F_{||} \Delta d + \frac{1}{2} m v_1^2$$

$$E_{k2} = (2.00 \times 10^2 \text{ N})(5.0 \text{ m}) +$$

$$E_{k2} = 1000 \text{ J} + 2400 \text{ J}$$

new energy

work done

start with

$$E_{k2} = 3.4 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$$

TO DO

① PP/238

② PP/245-246

③ Assignment: p 275 / 15-22 (DUE THURS)

④ Quiz (FRI)

#15 \Rightarrow Draw a FBD
Showing all forces
& tell me which
forces do + / - / no
work